he Evening Star.

ton who reads at all reads The

About every one in Washing-

STOCK QUOTATIONS PAGE 14

CONFEDERATES ASK G. A. R. TO ATTEND

No. 19,598.

Appeal to Union Veterans Not to Spoil Reunion of "Blue and Gray."

MAY REQUEST PRESIDENT TO RECONSIDER STAND

Dr. Gleeson Firm in Determination Not to Be Present at Exer-

cises June 4.

A committee representing Confederate veterans, who are to unveil nonument to the Confederate dead at Arlington June 4, has called on Dr. K. P. Gleeson, department commander of the Grand Army of the Republic urging that Grand Army men recon sider their intention, announced in The Star yesterday, to absent themselves from the monument unveiling services of the Confederates, to which they have een invited.

refused to call off the dogs." as he expresses it, and as a consequence it is said that the Confederate veterans intend to ask President Wilson to recon sider his decision not to attend the G. A. R. Memorial day exercises at Arlington view of the fact that the President's refusal to be present at the G. A. R. exercises May 30 and his acceptance of the invitation to be present at the Confederate exercises June 4 brought about the resentment of the G. A. R. men, which made them res to stay away from the Confederate

Would Rival Gettysburg Reunion.

The Confederate Veterans, it is said re moved to the idea of appealing to the President to attend the G. A. R. Meorial day exercises as well as their own monument unveiling by their keen desire that their exercises of June 4 shall be as great a reunion of the "blue and the gray," in spirit if not in numbers, as was the Gettysburg reunion last year. Whether they will carry out this plan of appealing to the President in behalf of the G. A. R. remains to be seen. Hilary A. Herbert, in charge of the plans for the Confederate unveiling, will not discuss the matter. It was he who called on Dr. J. K. Gleeson, department commander of the G. A. R., in an effort to have the latter rescind his announced intention to remain away from the Confederate exercises and to induce other G. A. R. men to absent themselves.

There are suggestions in some quarters that before an attack is begun on the President by G. A. R. officials to wait for the President's speech at the Confederate dedication.

The White House made no comment to t their exercises of June 4 shall

The White House made no comment to-day upon the attacks of these officials upon the declination of the President to speak at Arlington G. A. R. exercises. May 30, except to say that the Presi-dent's acceptance of the Confederate dedication invitation took place three months ago, before Mexican troubles be-

Address to Show Regard.

It is intimated that the address of the President on the occasion of the Con-Grand Army of the Republic has been invited to be present and to speak, will violent incidents of Thursday last. He demonstrate beyond question President frankly admitted that he should not have demonstrate beyond question President Wilson's high regard for the Grand Army of the Republic, as well as other veterans of the civil war who fought to preserve

the G. A. R., said today that when Hilary the G. A. R., said today that when Hilary A. Herbert, former Secretary of the Navy, who is in charge of the plans for the Confederate event, called on him as a committee to induce him to alter his intention to remain away from the Confederate event, he was accompanied by Myron M. Parker, another member of the Myron M. Parker, another member of the G. A. R., and that he told Mr. Herbert and Mr. Parker that he still intends to do everything in his power to induce Washington Gardner, commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., to cancel the speech he has agreed to make at the Confederate

event. Following this conversation, Dr. Gleeson says, Mr. Herbert said the Confederate veterans would ask the President to at-tend the G. A. R. meeting as well as their

MEMBERS OF G. A. R. TO VOICE PROTEST

Arranging for Mass Meeting to **Denounce the Discharge** of Veterans.

Fulton R. Gordon, Dr. J. K. P. Gleeson and other prominent members of the Grand Army of the Republic are busy today arranging the details of a mass meeting to be held in the red om of the New Willard hotel June 1 to protest against the discharge from executive departments of the government of employes with good records as such who are old soldiers, particularly G. A. R. men.

It was announced today that the list of speakers probably will include Rep-resentative Willis of Ohio, Senator Smoot of Utah and, possibly, Senator Sherman of Illinois and Representative Fess of Ohio

Commander-in-Chief Expected.

It is the intention of Dr. Gleeson, de partment commander of the G. A. R. to send a letter to every G. A. R. man in the District, as well as to a number from out of town, urging their presence at the mass meeting, and he said today ent Washington Gardner, commanderin-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, with whom he is soon to have a
conference here as to the status of the
men dismissed from the city post office
and the Navy Department, who are
G. A. R. men. Mr. Gardner will come

G. A. R. men. Mr. Gardner will come here the end of this week.

Dr. Gleeson has filed a protest with the Navy Department against the dismissal of three civil war veterans from navy yard work here. They are Louis Spies, Fred Hughes and F. A. Bolt.

It was claimed that these men did not come under the rule forbidding discharge of old soldiers because they are

or were not employes of an executive department, the idea being that the Washington navy yard is not an executive department, although the old soldiers claim it is a branch of an executive department.

re box nailers and that as machine w do the work they did, the men ar-longer needed. His protest stated:

Commander Gleeson's Protest.

'I am sorry to be compelled to say that these old patriots feel that they are dis-charged-turned adrift, to want perhaps, owing more to the fact that they are veterans than for any other cause. Once they were of use to the government, when in the vigor of their youth they responded to the call of their country to protect it against traitors, and how well they performed their work then true history has recorded, but now, in their old age, whether infirm or not, some of the younger and more fortunate present representatives of the government coldly tell them that they are of no use any more and send them adrift in their old age to battle for life."

The question of taking up the recent dismissal of a number of civil war veterans from the government service is to be discussed at a meeting of the executive committee of the Chamber of Commerce at noon tomorrow. Other business of importance is also to be brought veterans than for any other cause. One

merce at noon tomorrow. Other business of importance is also to be brough

HOME RULE BILL **BECOMES A LAV**

Dr. Gleeson said today that he has Passes Third Reading in House of Commons by Majority of Seventy-Eight.

CHAMBER IS CROWDED AS BITTER FIGHT ENDS

Premier Asquith Explains Amending Act for Benefit of Opposition in Ulster.

LONDON, May 25.—The Irish home commons today by a majority

The vote was: For, 352; against, 274.
The house was seething with exitement from the moment the speaker took the chair. Members of the various parties indulged in loud outbursts of cheering when their respective champions entered the chamber, while at the same time mocking banter was shout

The closing scene in the fight fo ome rule brought together a crowd of members and spectators which filled the chamber. Outside great throngs gathered to await the result of the debate on third reading of the bill.

Under the provisions of the parliame act the bill becomes law after this stage. as it had already twice passed through all its stages in the house of comm in two separate sessions and the veto of the house of lords therefore has no fur

Mr. Ganzoni, the unionist who Saturday defeated C. F. G. Mastman, chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster, in the bye election at Ipswich, met with such an uproarlous welcome on his introduction that he appeared glad to escape from the limelight.

The Rt. Hon. James Lowther, the speaker, took an early opportunity today.

used the expression he did when he asked Andrew Bonar Law, leader of the oppo-sition, whether he approved of the dis-orderly demonstration by the unionis

to give the house some information re-garding the bill to be introduced after the passage of the Irish home rule bill as to meet some of the objections of the

Explains Amending Bill.

In response to the speaker's plea Premier Asquith announced that the amending bill would give effect to any agreement which the government still was hopeful might be reached. He said the Irish home rule bill to the hous of lords no such agreement had been reached, the amending bill would embody the substance of the proposals out-lined by him March 9 in the hope that after discussion an agreement might be

March 9 Premier Asquith told the house of commons that before the bill became operative a poil would be taken of the parliamentary electors of each county of Ulster to decide whether those counties should be excluded from the provisions of the Irish home rule bill for visions of the Irish home rule bill for a period of six years from the first meeting of the new Irish parliament. If the majority of the voters were in favor of the scheme the county would automatically be excluded for the prescribe

HELD PRISONER FIFTY DAYS.

Rev. Louis R. Patmont Says His Kid napers Used Red Automobile.

ST. LOUIS, May 25.-Rev. Louis I Patmont, prohibition advocate, who dis appeared from Westville, Ill., March 31,

detention.

A big red automobile owned, he says, in Danville, Ill., will play an important part in his story to the jury. It was this car in which, he alleges, he was carried half-conscious from one hiding place to another for fifty days.

Patmont disappeared after a "dry" meeting, in which he was one of the speakers, at Westville, Ill. Extensive search throughout Illinois and surrounding states failed to produce any clue to his whereabouts. Several rewards were offered for his discovery. The minister finally was given up as dead.

WORKERS THREATEN STRIKE.

Steamer Stewards and Firemen De mand Increase in Pay. NEW YORK, May 25.-Stewards and

firemen on the new steamship Vaterland firemen on the new steamship Vaterland are threatening to strike unless their wages are materially increased. If a setcol. Roosevelt will drop in on Presitlement is not reached before 10 o'clock tomorrow morning, when the big vessel is
due to sail for Hamburg, she may be delayed at her Hoboken pier until new stewards and firemen are found to take the
places of the strikers.

In the ship's crew are 430 stewards and
600 firemen. The stewards receive from
\$12 to \$14.40 a month, and demand an increase to \$19.29.

(Continued on Second Page.) are threatening to strike unless their

Gleeson was told that the mer PARTY'S STRENGTH

Issues Call to Progressives for Conference Here Tomorrow Night.

MAY ALSO TALK WITH REPUBLICAN LEADERS

Scheduled to Call at White House

for Short Talk With President Wilson. Col. Roosevelt has sent out the bull noose call, and every bull mooser

Congress will confer with the colonel tomorrow night, after his lecture before the National Geographic Society. The colonel intends to find out from the men on the ground just how strong the progressive party is at present. Sen-ators Clapp and Poindexter, and Representative Hinebaugh of Illinois, chair-man of the progressive congressional campaign committee, will meet the col-onel in Philadelphia tomorrow and travel with him to Washington It is to find out exactly the condition of the progressive party in every state that the colonel sent word today from New York that he wished to talk to the progressives in Congress tomorrow night. The conference will be held in

progressive headquarters, in the Munse; Plan to Aid Campaign.

The progressive legislative program will be touched upon slightly, probably so as to give the progressives some-thing to place in their congressional campaign documents, and all other matters of interest to the bull moose coterie in Washington will be gone into before the colonel's train leaves at 1 o'clock a.m. Wednesday. Chairman Hinebaugh of the progressive

congressional campaign or the progressive congressional campaign committee will tell the colonel that a progressive ticket will be placed in every congressional district at the coming elections. He will also express some extremely roseate hopes concerning the progressive party in his own state, Illinois, where the republican party has been exceptionally strong for years.

Surrounded by Bull Moosers.

The program for Col. Roosevelt from the time he leaves New York until the time he starts back again has him absolutely surrounded by bull moosers, so that there will be no chance for the republican party to kidnap him—at least not this trip. Jokers around the Capitol today said that the G. O. P. will make eyes at the colonel—and others replied that the colonel would make eyes at the

At any rate the colonel intends to get a line on the progressive party, as far as possible, by his talks with congressmen who are in touch with their districts and with the United States.

Seeks First-Hand Information

OYSTER BAY, May 25 .- The trip which

headquarters, where he expects to see all the progressives in Congress. From them he expects to obtain first-hand information as to the course of events in Washington during the last few months. This conference will determine in a large measure plans to be followed in starting the ball rolling for the fall campaign.

Col. Roosevelt has been urged by many of his supporters since his return from dquarters, where he expects to see of his supporters since his return fro South America to lose no time in tak-ing issue at once with President Wilson,

South America to lose no time in taking issue at once with President Wilson, without waiting for the formal opening of the campaign. He said a few days ago that he desired to keep out of politics as much as possible until after his return from Spain, but recent events have caused him to consider the question of jumping into the fray at once.

He also expressed briefly his opposition to the Wilson administration's advocacy of the canal tolls exemption act, and to the proposal to pay \$25,000,000 to Colombia. It is understood that he will make his severest attack upon the present administration's foreign policy and upon the operation of the Underwood tariff law.

It has been suggested to the colonel that by remaining silent he is permitting the republicans to steal a march on the progressives by getting first into the field with their criticisms of the Wilson policies. This suggestion has had considerable weight with the former President, and it is not improbable that before he sails for Europe at the end of this week he will fire the opening gun in what is expected to be the hardest fight of his career.

Might Meet Republicans.

Might Meet Republicans.

Another possible outcome of the Washington trip is a meeting between Col. Roosevelt and republican leaders. Reports that such a meeting might take place reached Oyster Bay today. It was said that at this meeting the presidential campaign of 1916, and the candidacy of Col. Roosevelt on a joint republican-proatter suggestion was scouted by Col. owever, that he might meet republican numbers of Congress while in Washing

It became known today that Col. reiterated here yesterday his claim that he was kidnaped, and says that he knew the persons responsible for his detention.

A big red automobile owned, he says,

night. Col. Roosevelt will leave New York for Col. Rooseveit will leave New York for Washington at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. He will be at the capital from 3 o'clock until midnight, when he is to return to New York.

Mr. Roosevelt confirmed dispatches from Washington that while there he would pay respects to President Wilson at the White House.

Colonel Declines Invitation to Lunch at White House. But Will Call on President

Col. Roosevelt will be cordially greeted in the White House tomorrow by the President. It is the first time since he left the White House at the close of his term as executive that he has been welcomed to the executive

(Continued on Second Page.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, MAY 25, 1914-EIGHTEEN PAGES.

Only Six Days Remain in Which to File Protests Against Valuations.

BESIEGE ASSESSOR

rotests may be filed against the findthe new triennial assessment property owners again today besieged he office of the District assessor for information as to the amounts that On account of Saturday being a holiday, no protests will be received day. The appeal period will come to a It was learned today that very few

ratings on property in some of the arger suburban sections.

branch experienced a general boost, crease is not large, it is said. fice today were required to submit their will be considered after next Monday. It is said that the protestants later will be called before the board in all cases in which doubt exists as to the equity of

TAXPAYERS MEET TOMORROW. Plan to Protest Against \$40,000,000 Increase in Assessment.

A meeting of taxpayers and others is being arranged for tomorrow night at the Raleigh Hotel by W. J. Kehoe and others as a protest against the increase of \$40,-000,000 in the assessment of real estate in the District of Columbia.

Thousands of protests already have been filed in the assessor's office, and the men who filed these protests are arranging for the mass meeting. The protest is against this increased tax on land, segregated from the buildings

DALLAS HAS CONTESTANT.

First City to Enter in Around-the-World Aviation Race. SAN FRANCISCO, May 25.-The first

Pacific exposition's around-the-world aviation race in 1915 is Dallas, Tex. The ex-

ABANDONS STARVATION PLAN. Murderer Condemned to Die Decides

Not to Cheat Law.

NEW YORK, May 25.-Peter Rebacci, who is condemned to die in the electric chair at Sing Sing prison June 22 for the murder of "Tony" Marro, has decided no to cheat the law by starving to death His hunger strike, begun a week ago, end- No Americans Among Those ed yesterday when other inmates of the deathhouse advised him to eat and not be

so downcast. Rebacci won one reprieve from Gov. Glynn by promising to produce informa-tion to clear up other crimes. Falling to keep his promise, the governor announced that he would not again interfere in the

PRESIDENT IS INFORMED

hanges will be made in the original Legal Tangles Connected With Situation Presented to Him by House Subcommittee.

> The legal tangles connected with the effort to straighten out the Union plaza awards so as to give relief to those who are suffering from the de lays were presented to President Wilson today by a subcommittee from the House committee on public buildings and grounds, consisting of Representa tives Burnet, Logue, Barton and Summers. From the White House they went to the Department of Justice for conference there. The President was not able to penetrate the tangle or foresee the long legal battle that may en sue in the courts, but he repeated to his visitors that he should like to see legislation go through this session of Congress giving him authority to set tle with all or a portion of the proption of the property made, as his rep The President was told that there is

now serious doubt whether a recondemnation can be legally made, owing to the law under which the original condemnation was made. In some quar ters doubt is expressed as to whether the President, after the awards had been approved by the District courts, and O'Connell. upon the request of the Department of Justice, had the authority to take the Dalla Volpe to the office of chamberlain action he did. It is suggested that his in which position he will direct the affairs disapproval should have come before the approval of the awards by the Dis-

the approval of the awards by the District courts.

Representative Burnet did not know today what could be done to unravel the tangle, but said that he would proceed as quickly as possible after the legal phase of the matter was fully understood and worked out. It is expected that there will be several conferences with Department of Justice officials before Congress knows where it stands on the problem and is able to take the right action.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS.

Met at 11 a.m. and adjourned at 11:07 a.m. until 11 a.m. Tuesday, out of respect for memory of late Senator Bradley, Kentucky. Judiciary committee favorably reported the contested nomination of E. R. Moore as marshal for the northern Iowa district. House:

Met at 11 a.m. Resumed debate on Clayton omnibus trust bill. Progressives called a conference with Col. Roosevelt for tomorrow

night.
Western representatives appealed to the President to favor the bill to extend time of payments for ir-rigation project settlers.

POPE PIUS CREATES 13 NEW CARDINALS

Raised to Princely Rank in Catholic Church.

ROME, May 25 .- At a secret consistory held at the Vatican this morning Pope Plus created thirteen new cardinals. A number of bishops of the various countries were also confirmed in their

ABOUT PLAZA AWARDS was made of the creation of Mgr. Bello, patriarch of Lisbon, as cardinal. His

name had been reserved "in pectore" at the consistory of 1911.

The ceremony, which was accompanied by all the brilliance usual on such occasions at the Vatican, was preceded by a name had been reserved "in pectore" at sions at the Vatican, was preceded by a

short allocution, after which the name of the new cardinals were announced, as follows: List of New Cardinals

Mgr. Louis Nazaire Begin, Archbisho of Quebec, Canada. Mgr. V. Guisasola y Mendez, Archbish-

op of Toledo, Spain. Congregation of the Holy Office. Della Chiesa, Archbishop of Bo logna, Italy.

Mgr. John Csernock, Archbishop of Esztergom, Hungary. of Munich, Bavaria.

Mgr. Felix von Hartmann, Archbish of Cologne, Germany. Mgr. F. G. Pitil, Archbishop of Vienna listrict.
Mgr. Philipp Glustini, secretary of the

Congregation of the Sacraments.

Mgr. Michael Lega, dean of the tribunal Mgr. Scipio Tecchi, assessor of the Mgr. Sciplo Teccni, assessor of the consistorial congregation. Rt. Rev. Francis Aldan Gasquet, presi-dent of the English Benedictines. Mgr. Hector Irenee Sevin, Archbishop of Lyon, France.

Present at Consistory. The pontiff was surrounded by all the

members of the sacred college living in Rome, and by those who are now here, including Cardinals Gibbons, Farley The Pope appointed Cardinal Francis

of the church during the conclave. Cardinal Diomede Falconio, formerly apostolic delegate in the United States, also was raised to the mark of cham-The allocution of the Pope was a stron

appeal for political and social peace through restoration of religion and the induence of the church. Friends Surround New Cardinals.

Immediately after the secret consistory

he pontifical master of ceremonies, ac companied by the secretary of Cardinal Merry del Val and the secretary of the apostolic chancellery, visited each of the new cardinals and handed in his formal notice of appointment.

notice of appointment.

Each of the newly created princes of the church was surrounded by a crowd of friends.

Cardinal Gasquet, the English Benedictine, delivered an address in which he said he regarded himself as representing in Rome not only England, but Ireland, Wales and Scotland, and "if not altogether too ambitious I can claim, after my recent visit to the United States, to be partly American, as I can count upon the true and affectionate regard of many people in that great republic."

The Pope in the course of his allocution recalled the Constantinian jubilee, saying, in part:

saying, in part:
"The whole world seemed to lift up
the cross of Christ as the sole source of
peace and salvation of the struggling humanity. Now especially men desire peace when class is against class, na-

HUERTA IS DEFIED BY WAR MINISTER

Blanquet Threatens to Quit if Program of U. S. Pleasing **Shooting of Prisoners** Is Continued.

RAILROAD TO VERA CRUZ IS TO RESUME SERVICE

Mexican Official Asks Gen. Funston A. B. C. Mediators Expect American for Permission to Relay Destroyed Tracks.

the Mexican minister of war, it is re-ported here, has boldly defied Huerta, nforming him that if he desired his further co-operation in the affairs of government he would not pass sentence of death upon any prisoners withou the minister's acquiescence. If this story is true, it indicates a growing weakness on the part of Presi-

dent Huerta, as a few months ago no member of his cabinet would have attempted to thwart him. From the same source it was learned

that Sepor Lozano, minister of com-munications, had resigned because of the discovery by Huerta of a contract which he had made with the tramways company which entailed certain pre-requisites to the minister. Huerta ob-jected to such a requisite.

Spaniards Fear Americans,

Forty Spaniards on their way here from Mexico City yesterday stopped at Sole-dad, just beyond the break in the track fearing to venture to Vera Cruz befor fearing to venture to Vera Cruz before a member of the party made a reconnoissance. This Spaniard, who came in on the morning train, said distorted reports were reaching Mexico City, where doubt was expressed that other than English or Americans would be safe here. He appeared surprised to find the stores open in the outskirts of the town and the absence of scenes of disorder as the train approached.

Later in the day, as he was about to return to his comrades, he said that there

Later in the day, as he was about to return to his comrades, he said that there were in the capital a score of Spanish families who wished to escape, but feared to venture within the American lines. The Spaniard brought the report that trouble is expected in the capital this week. He said that many business houses were kept shuttered all day, apparently ready for an outbreak at any moment. ready for an outbreak at any momen the brought the report that Huerta and the war minister, Gen. Blanquet, had clashed a few days ago over the question of executing certain prisoners in the penitentiary, the war minister having countermanded an order given by Huerta for their death.

To Repair Railway.

Apparently convinced that the United States will adhere rigidly to the armistice greement, officials of the Huerta gov ernment are preparing to replace the track along the line of the Mexican railtrack along the line of the Mexican railway, torn up by Gen. Gustav Maas.
The general purchasing agent of the Mexican national railways called at Brig. Gen. Funston's headquarters yesterday and asked if the American commander objected to the restoration of the lines. He was assured the Americans would be glad to see the service restored, and was told the Americans never were able to understand why Gen. Maas destroyed several miles of line. The Mexican official said that the work of replacing the track probably would be started immediately.
This action follows the decision to arrange for the exchange of mail with Mexico City and interior points.

Mexico City and interior points. American officers hope within a week or two to see full trains going through to

PROBE SEVEN HOMICIDES

New York Police Investigating Cases Reported Within Thirty-Six Hours.

NEW YORK, May 25 .- The police and the district attorney's office today are in-vestigating seven homicide cases reported within the thirty-six hours up to midnight last night. Four of the seven vicims are dead and the other three are not expected to live. The dead lost their ives in gang fights. According to the police, this is the largest number of homi- as the constitutionalist army approaches, cide cases in the same length of time in

cide cases in the same length of time in many years.

The latest victim, Fred Hillock, staggered into the New York Hospital last night. The police questioned sixty members of a social club housed in the old Gen. Franz Sigel mansion, in Abingdon Square, where they believed Hillock was shot. He is expected to die.

Of the dead, Charles La Monti was shot while engaged in a fight in East 117th street, and Frank McCarthy, Frank Murphy and Frank Chimara also were shot or stabbed in gang fights.

OFFICERS ARE NOMINATED. Church of the New Jerusalem in Ses-

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 25 .- Delegates to the ninety-fourth annual sesion of the Church of the New Jerusaler were busily engaged today at various neetings. Rev. John Whitehead of neeting of the New Church Evidence meeting of the New Church Evidence Society on "Swedenborg's Influence in Spiritistic Circles." After this the delegates met in regular convention, where they were addressed by R. A. Shaw of Brooklyn and B. A. Whittemore of Bosconference.

sion at Cincinnati.

Atlanta Has \$150,000 Fire.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 25 .- Seventy-five ourned to death and damage estimated at approximately \$150,000 was done by a fire that destroyed nearly a block of buildings in the national stockyards here early this morning. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Noted Porcelain Collector Dead. NEW YORK, May 25.—Henry Sampson noted for his collection of old Chines

orcelains, died at his home here yesterpeace when class is against class, nation and people against tation against nation and people against people, and war may break out as the result of rivalries daily becoming more work, was sold last January to Edgar Gorer for more than \$1,000,000.

PEACE IMPERILED BY LAND PROBLEM

ONE CENT.

Neither to Mediators Nor the Mexican Delegates.

LOOKING TO WASHINGTON TO GET REBELS IN LINE

Diplomacy to Prevail With Gen. Carranza NIAGARA FALLS, Ontario, May 25 -

VERA CRUZ, May 25.-Gen. Blanquet. The South American mediators planned to lay before the Mexican delegates today the views expressed by the American government through its delegates last night on the several points in the peace negotiations here.

The mediators, it is understood, are chiefly concerned now over the part the land question should play in the settle ment of the Mexican problem. The view of the Mexican delegates has been that the agrarian question is a purely internal one and foreign to the issues which provoked difficulties between the United States and Mexico. The American dele gates, it is understood, have insisted that permament peace in Mexico-the aim of all concerned-cannot be a reality unless economic questions are taken into consideration.

The exchange of ideas on this phase of the negotiations as well as other points was expected to continue through-out the day. Immediately after learning out the day. Immediately after learning from the Mexicans their attitude toward the latest views presented by the Americans, another conference with the latter is expected. In this way the proceedings go forward each day, the mediators acting as channels of communication and acting as channels of communi

Thinks Progress Favorable.

The conference last night between the American delegates and the mediators asted for more than an hour, after which Justice Lamar announced that favorable progress was being made.

progress was being made.

"Yesterday we received certain suggestions," he said, "from the mediators for a possible solution of this difficulty. We communicated with Washington, and now in turn we have made certain suggestions to the mediators. As far as we can see matters are progressing favorably,"

It may be said that the urgent demand from the American side that a definite

It may be said that the urgent demand from the American side that a definite plan for the settlement of the land question be incorporated in the settlement here is not acceptable either to the mediators or the Mexican delegates. If it is insisted upon, it will certainly disrupt the mediation, it is said. A serious effort is being made to define the scope of the negotiations so as to render the land problem less exigeant.

Jose Requena, who ran for the vice presidency on the ticket with Gen. Felix Diaz in the last presidential election in Mexico, which was declared void, arrived here last night. He was accompanied by Cecilio Ocon, another close friend of Felix Diaz.

Deny Politics in Mission. They said their mission was not political, and that they were merely stopping of here on personal business, but Mr. Requena immediately went into conference with Senor Elguero, one of the Mexican delegates. They are at the hotel where the mediators and the

Mexican delegation are living.

Senor Requena said he hoped mediation would be successful in solving Mexico's internal and international difficulties, but declined to discuss his conference with the Mexican delegates.

Although they were not believed to be seeking audiences with the mediators, their conferences with the Huerta delegates spread the belief that they were seeking information as to the persons who would be suggested for the new provisional government that is to succeed the Huerta regime.

There were no conferences or even "conversations" yesterday. The mediators and Mexican and American representatives attended church services and walked in the parks, or spent the hours reading in their rooms. Sunday is at all times a holy day in Canada, and yesterday seemed particularly quiet.

Time for Serious Business. Mexican delegation are living.

Time for Serious Business. It has become evident that the hour for serious business has arrived. The Mexican delegates themselves feel this the more keenly. The constitutionalists are continuing their victorious march, and soon the situation at the Mexican capital must require attention.

Should the Huerta government collapse it is realized that chaos and anarchy may result. This might alter the entire situation. The mediators are working rapidly, therefore, hoping to see established in Mexico City a new provisional government that may be accorded prompt recognition by the Unite. States before the constitutionalists can seize control.

The mediators believe a government set

The mediators believe a government set up by constitutionalist arms cannot last long if unrecognized by the United States and the world powers. A revolution would be inevitable. Hoping to avert such a contingency, they are relying on the United States to enforce a strict embargo on the exportation of arms to all factions in Mexico.

The diplomatists do not believe Carranza can reach Mexico City in less than two months, because the federal army is destroying the railroads as it retreats and gathering more strength in the thickly populated regions.

Look to U. S. Influence.

Should Carranza still be in the field when an agreement is reached here on the kind of provisional government to be set up, the mediators believe the influ ence of the United States may be relied on to bring the constitutionalists harmony with the plans set forth in the

The nomination of officers, reports of various committees and memorials to deceased members also comprised a part of the day's program. The reports of leaders in home and foreign missions were expected to take up most of the time at the afternoon session. The mediators are taking it for granted ists could capture the Mexico City gov-

ists could capture the Mexico City government.

In fact, it is said to be the opinion of the principals in the case here that the United States might persuade the constitutionalists of the futility of their advance, unless they are willing to abide by principles for a new government laid down in the conferences. The mediators are understood to believe that even if the constitutionalists reach Mexico City before an agreement is reached at the conference the American government will not extend recognition until these principles are compiled with.

From the mediation proceedings is expected to come a declaration of principles on which a provisional government will be based. The mediators disclaim any intention of dictating the choice of a provisional president. Suggestions as to personnel will be made on the initiative of the Mexican delegates, but a tacit un-

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